

MILWAUKEE

DAILY

SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, \$75; Tri-Weekly, \$4; Weekly, \$1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN..... H. E. BRIGHTMAN

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1860.

To the Public.

The Sentinel, having double the circulation it has had, and more than a hundred extra of any other paper here, renders it far the clearest, and most desirable newspaper in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertising.

Every Business Man who considers his own interest, will be induced to place his name in the Sentinel—especially when he can do so at the same price charged by other papers, and secure more than double the circulation.

This is no boast, but every word true.

For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page.—~~Advt~~

DANGEROUS ILLNESS OF ELDRIDGE STANDBURY.—We are pleased to learn of the very dangerous illness of the Rev. D. STANDBURY of Janesville. Mr. STANDBURY is presiding Elder of the Janesville district of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Wisconsin conference. He was attending his quarterly meeting in Cambridge last Sabbath, and while preaching he was suddenly prostrated with paralysis of the left side. We are informed by Rev. Mr. TILTON, who visited him yesterday, that his physicians think there is little hope of his living beyond a few days, though it is possible for him so far to rally as to be moved home. Mr. STANDBURY is generally esteemed by our citizens as a worthy, useful man. His family will, we trust, receive the Christian sympathies of the community.

A NORWEGIAN by the name of OLE TOMSEN was found hung on the 25th inst. in his brother's grist mill, in the town of New Denmark, in Brown county. He had been missing two days. He had fastened a rope around his neck, thrown it over a beam, and held the other end in his hand, his head being about three inches from the door. He was a sailor, about thirty years of age; came there last Summer and bought forty acres of land; in the Winter he went to Norway to settle up his money affairs, and returned with about \$400; was taken sick, and since his recovery has exhibited symptoms of insanity. He was unmarried.

RIGHTS OF APPLICANTS FOR INFORMATION AT THE PATENT OFFICE.—The Commissioner of Patents has decided that it is not a compliance with the Statute on the part of the office, to refuse a patent because the thing claimed as patentable had been seen by an examiner of the office some twenty years before. Where such knowledge existed solely in the examiner, the party applying for a patent would have no means of forming a judgment except by an examination of the device referred to. He is, therefore entitled to be furnished with such information in regard to its whereabouts as will enable him to begin his search for it with a reasonable prospect of success.

WE ARE INFORMED that the Hon. EBEN BANISTER, agent of the Board of Normal School Regents, has appointed a Teachers' Institute at Dolavon, for the week commencing August 20, when it is expected a number of School celebrities, in regard to the teachers generally, will be present.

FERNANDO WOOD ENTERING INTO A PERMANENT COALITION.—The Illustrated News announces the approaching nuptials of May-Wood with Miss GEORGIANA GREEN, sister to Mrs. JAMES GORDON BENNETT.

ORLANDO FOSTER, of Kenosha, has just patented an improvement on machines for upsetting tire, which is said to be valuable.

PLenty of WORK.—Harvest hands are still wanted in Walworth and other counties. The Elkhorn Independent says:

"Many farmers find much difficulty in getting harvest hands, and some are offering \$2.50 per day. There are many large fields of grain in this vicinity which has been耽 in ripe for several days, waiting to be cut."

A CORRESPONDENT of the American Agriculturist gives the following plan for washing ships:

"A large vat made of plank, about ten feet long, four feet wide, and three and a half feet deep, is placed near a stream of water where there is sufficient fall. Troughs are laid to conduct the water, with their low ends dipping into the vat, so that each holding a sheep soaking at one end of the vat; while two men, standing on the ground outside the vat, each hold a sheep under the stream running from the troughs. It requires but little squeezing of the wool, and much less that to wash them well than by the old method."

Good Sport.—"Some friends," who have been out on the prairie, inform us that the prairie chickens are over two-thirds grown, and are now in full plumage, and are singing nearly five birds a day. "The season is in advance of my previous year, and game of many kinds is nearly ready for the sportsman." We haven't had a quarter of a century to go by since the prairie chickens were shot out of the biggest bush this season! "Somebody" shot four feet deep in Yellow River a few nights ago, just below the old Indian mission. Ain't "somebody" afraid of being prosecuted? Who's been living on Deseret for a week past?" Prairie Chickens.

SOY GRAIN.—We overheard a Trenton farmer the other day talking of the amount of grain raised this season in a circumference of fifteen miles around his city. He said it was made a very careful estimate which he thought was correct. He puts down the number of bushels of wheat at TWENTY MILLION. Oats, seven hundred thousand. Barley, THREE HUNDRED thousand. Corn, two hundred and fifty thousand. Soy beans, one hundred and fifty thousand. Can we compare with the above figures?—Fox Lake Gazette.

THE RAIN AND THE HARVEST.—There was a heavy rain this morning, and it was showery all day. The crops of the wheat have not yet got through, and are still green from the farmers, we think that not one half is in the stack. We observe that very few stacks can be seen on Rock Prairie, where the crop was later than west of us. We hope that it will be fair weather to-morrow.—Junction Gazette.

A BIG-EARRED PARRY recently rode on the Indiana and Cincinnati railroad to a way-side station. As they stood on the small platform to see the train off, the skeleton skirt of a young lady caught on a nail on the side of the car, throwing her off her feet and dragging her along the platform. This was the result of the want of symmetry of the dress.—Fox Lake Gazette.

THE PRINTERS' BURIAL.—Let, a neat enclosure at Mount Hope Cemetery, intended as a resting place for the remains of those who have died without a home or known, was dedicated Saturday afternoon, with appropriate ceremonies. The casket was one of much interest.

North Carolina Election.—Raleigh, August 3—P. M. The annual State election came off yesterday. The following are the results of the election for Governor: Ellis (Dems.) 129, Poor (Rep.) 625. State Senator: Moore (Dems.) 1173, Blodow (Opp.) 552. Unofficial returns from nine precincts indicate that the opposition has been largely democratic.

In Wilmington, the returns nearly official, Ellis gains in the two Bayonne Harbor give Poor 54 more than Blodow received. The town is now considered safe. The democratic legislative ticket is elected.

THE SENTINEL'S—The Sentinels are to be erected for the supposed purpose of honoring the Prince of Wales, whose reception here will be duly reported for the columns of the SENTINEL. Of the six arches one only is now in its place, viz., across the Rue St. Catharine, in front of the splendid English Church. The rest of the building erected for the "Exhibition," to which we have already alluded.

MILWAUKEE, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1860.

NUMBER 172.

To-Day's Advertisements.

NOTES.

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THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TWICE-WEEKLY & WEEKLY.

RUFUS KING, EDITOR.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1860.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE:

WALTER D. MAYER, of Marion,

BRADFORD, PA., for the First

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT;

W. W. VANCE, of Racine,

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT;

J. ALLEN BAKER, of Grant,

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT;

H. LINDEMAN, of Jefferson,

FOR CONGRESS, FIRST DISTRICT;

JOHN F. POTTER.

Republican Congressional Convention.

SECOND DISTRICT.

A Republican Convention for the Second Congressional District in the State of Wisconsin, will be held at the city of Milwaukee, on the 5th day of September, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of Congress of said district, to be supported at the next general election.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to two delegates.

The several Assembly District Committees are requested to take measures to nominate their respective delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, from their respective districts.

DAVID ATWOOD,

CHARLES HOLY,

NORMAN EASTMAN,

J. C. GARDNER,

District Committee.

MADISON, June 28, 1860.

Republican Congressional Convention.

THIRD DISTRICT.

A Republican Convention for the Third Congressional District in the State of Wisconsin, will be held at the city of Madison, on the 5th day of September, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of Congress of said district.

Each Assembly District will be entitled to three delegates to the Convention.

WM. KLOYZSCH,

C. R. MURKIN,

District Committee.

Greenwood, July 1, 1860.

Sawed to Speak in Madison.

We are authorized to state, that after much consultation, the State Central Committee has decided upon Madison as the point for holding a grand rally, on the 1st of August, 1860, in the interest of the distinguished Senator of New York, Wm. H. Seward, in behalf of Republican principles, and the election of the Free Soil candidate.

We think the selection a mistake, as either Milwaukee, or Watertown would have better accommodated the people of the State and attracted a larger gathering. However, since Madison is fixed upon by those on whom the choice devolved, we hope that the Central Committee, or the Republican Club of Madison, will go to work at once to make every necessary arrangement for the meeting. The railroad will, no doubt, run excursion trains at reduced rates of fare, on the occasion, and with timely notice, an immense assemblage of the Freemen of Wisconsin will flock to Madison to bid Senator Seward welcome to the Badger State, and attest to his able and eloquent vindication of the Republican party and principles.

Third Congressional District.

The Republican Committee for the Third Congressional District have called a Convention at Ripon, on Wednesday, the 6th of next month, to nominate a candidate for said District. The Democratic Convention for the same District is to be held at Fond du Lac, on the 31st day of August. The present number, Judge LARABEE, though strongly opposed in his own party, will probably secure a re-nomination and is working hard to that end. The selection of the Republican candidate, is, as yet, involved in doubt. A strong nomination and a vigorous canvass will reduce the District.

KASLY EXPLAINED.—The *Sentinel* says that at the conclusion of Gov. RANDALL's speech, Mr. CARPENTER was called out for more remarks to be heard. The democrats were so incensed at this that they would not let him have a word. The Republicans prevented his being heard by their howling and shouting. It is evident that they were as averse to having Gov. Randall and himself as any other person in the room. The Republicans, however, some of them, voted for him, and some did not. He was not present at the meeting, and was not heard.

The only "blackguards" at the meeting in question were a handful of demagogues who kept interrupting Gov. RANDALL with insulting questions, chaff for DOUGLAS, &c. But they took nothing by the motion; their own friends being ashamed of their rowdy conduct. The Republicans are entirely content to let Mr. CARPENTER, or any body else, try his hand, at a proper time and place, in demolishing Gov. RANDALL's arguments; but it is neither customary, nor courteous, for a Democratic speaker to intrude himself upon a Republican meeting. We hear, indeed, that Mr. CARPENTER had no intention of making a political speech, attempting a reply to Gov. RANDALL. He came forward with the view of rebuking the Democratic rowdies for their "blackguard" conduct; but the temper of the meeting had been roused by the outrage and, mistaking Mr. CARPENTER's motive, they would not listen to him. We will let Mr. CARPENTER the Justice to say that he is a fair and manly opponent, and we believe him to be incapable of any act of disloyalty toward Gov. RANDALL or the Republican Party.

THE ACCESION OF THE NEW STERN.—The *New Stern* is the name of a German paper published in La Crosse, in the language of the people, and cost about twenty dollars, and went over to the upper of Lincoln and Hamlin. When the *Sentinel* and other Standard set up a new paper, it was received and proclaimed it as indicative of German sentiment in Wisconsin.—News of yesterday.

THE DECEASE OF MR. ULRICH.—The accomplished editor, Mr. ULRICH, to the Republican ranks, is a hard pill for the Sherman Democracy to swallow. Hence the resort to such palpable fictions as the above. The News seems to think that our German fellow-citizens can be bought and sold like many cattle in the market. It will long discover its mistake. The Germans are a truth-seeking, freedom-loving people, and having discovered what a miserable show modern democracy is, they are rapidly leaving its ranks and rallying under the flag of Lincoln and Hamlin. Mr. ULRICH, in the step he has taken, does but reflect the convictions of the great mass of the German electors throughout the North-western States.

A DRASTIC STEP.—The following was one of the steps of the *New Stern* at the celebration in Green Bay, South Carolina.

"By Rev. E. Snell.—The election of old Abe Lincoln, and the victory of the South, has explained the object of the Breckinridge movement, which is to elect Lincoln if possible, and to pave the way to a Southern Confederacy.—News of yesterday."

It is only "growing men" who catch at such "straws." The *Dismal* ("scare-crow") is played out. It was turned to some account by the "Cotton Whigs" and Sherman Democracy in 1860; but can impose upon nobody now. If the *New* and *Mr. SWEDD* really think that the election of "Honest Old Abe" will lead to a "Southern Confederacy," they will learn better by next March.THE DOUGLAS PARTY must be hard run in Mississippi, when a State Convention of the party has to be called by authority in the columns of a paper published in another State. The Memphis (*Tenn.*) Appeal actually calls a Convention to be held in Mississippi. It names the time and place, having been requested to take the responsibility of doing so—and calls upon "all counties" to "send up their delegations."

Messrs. J. LIPPINCOTT & Co., of Philadelphia, are about to publish a work which will be received with much interest. It consists of the occasional predictions of the late RICHARD HORN, child in private letters to various persons, written at intervals during his long eventful career. As a contribution to the political history of the present century, both here and abroad, and a sketch of the social life of the same period, the work must be one of great value.

The Banks of Wisconsin.

The semi-annual statement of the Bank Comptroller, showing the condition of the Banks of this State on Monday, the 2d of July, is published in the State Journal of Thursday last. The number of Banks organized and in operation is 104, and the following is a summary of the principal items:

Capital	\$10,547,000.00
Gold	1,000,000.00
Circulation	1,000,000.00
Specie	385,000.00
Gold	1,000.00
Private Securities	1,000,000.00
Total Assets	10,945,500.00
Private Securities	1,000,000.00
Private Securities	1,000,000.00

AMERICAN CITIZENS GOING TO EUROPE.—

According to the New York *Herald*, the numbers of American citizens going to Europe this year are unprecedented. Already ten thousand must have left in steamers, and the season is not yet over. It is estimated that each traveller spends on an average, \$5,000. The total amount spent by ten thousand persons would thus be \$50,000,000—fifty millions! American travel must therefore benefit Europe in a very great degree.

Since the Atlantic has been bridged by steam, and America has been brought nearer to Europe than many parts of Europe are to each other, the intercourse between the United States and the Old World has increased in a wonderful degree.

P. WILSON made a balloon ascension at Pittsburgh, on Saturday. The balloon broke from its fastenings, and he ascended before he was ready, having no provisions, and not being prepared with thick clothing. It is feared that he had no control of the balloon, owing to the imperfect preparations made. The balloon went up to a great height, and passed out of sight. Nothing had been heard of him Monday evening, and great fears for his safety were entertained.

BAYARD TAYLOR seems to have shaken off the old and restless longing for travel, and is undertaking some German friends at his native town in Chester County, Pennsylvania, among whom is "A. B." to whom he dedicated his book on Africa. He is just completing a stately country seat on grounds adjoining his birthplace. In laying the corner stone last fall, he deposited in the box a copy of his first work, "Africa," on the flyleaf of which he wrote: "This is the real foundation stone of this edifice."

The Way They Go.

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The Marion (Ohio) *Republican* says: We hear of changes all over the country in favor of Lincoln and Hamlin. One who acted in the campaign of 1856, says: "I am sorry to see that the party is still in existence, and that the first time in its life, it has been strained to the limit. The Nasby Committee has adopted a new platform, and it is to be hoped that this principle of non-intervention has been abandoned, and that it is doomed to a painful destruction."

The venerable Judge Isaac Slosson, of Cayuga County, N. Y., who has voted with the Democratic party since the days of Jackson, has now joined the Republicans. He says that nearly all the patriotic men in that party are now abandoning it to its fate, and that it is doomed to a painful destruction.

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KASLY EXPLAINED.—The *Sentinel* says that at the conclusion of Gov. RANDALL's speech, Mr. CARPENTER was called out for more remarks to be heard. The democrats were so incensed at this that they would not let him have a word. The Republicans prevented his being heard by their howling and shouting. It is evident that they were as averse to having Gov. RANDALL and himself as any other person in the room. The Republicans, however, some of them, voted for him, and some did not. He was not present at the meeting, and was not heard.

The Marion (Ohio) *Republican* says: We hear of changes all over the country in favor of Lincoln and Hamlin. One who acted in the campaign of 1856, says: "I am sorry to see that the party is still in existence, and that the first time in its life, it has been strained to the limit. The Nasby Committee has adopted a new platform, and it is to be hoped that this principle of non-intervention has been abandoned, and that it is doomed to a painful destruction."

The venerable Judge Isaac Slosson, of Cayuga County, N. Y., who has voted with the Democratic party since the days of Jackson, has now joined the Republicans. He says that nearly all the patriotic men in that party are now abandoning it to its fate, and that it is doomed to a painful destruction.

We think the selection a mistake, as either Milwaukee, or Watertown would have better accommodated the people of the State and attracted a larger gathering. However, since Madison is fixed upon by those on whom the choice devolved, we hope that the Central Committee, or the Republican Club of Madison, will go to work at once to make every necessary arrangement for the meeting. The railroad will, no doubt, run excursion trains at reduced rates of fare, on the occasion, and with timely notice, an immense assemblage of the Freemen of Wisconsin will flock to Madison to bid Senator Seward welcome to the Badger State, and attest to his able and eloquent vindication of the Republican party and principles.

Third Congressional District.

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WHIT POPULAR SOVEREIGNTY HAS DONE.

Mr. Douglass called to the Witness Stand.

"Read, Moral Read."

From Mr. Douglass' Speech in the Senate, May 12, '60.

But we are told that the necessary result of this doctrine of non-intervention, which gentlemen, by way of compliment, call "the Whit Poplars," is to drive us into a corner.

It is to drive us into

